# Egyptian Herbal Monograph

# Volume 2 Medicinal plants used in Egypt

Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA)
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# Sambucus nigra L.

البيلسان

### 1. Names & Synonyms (1)

Sambucus nigra L.

Family: Viburnaceae.

**Syns**: Sambucus florida Salisb.

Arabic: Al-Bailasan البيلسان الأسود Al-Bailasan Al-Aswad البيلسان, Alkhomman الخمان, Alkhomman البيلسان الأسود

**English name:** Black Elder, Elder flower, European Elder and sweet Elder (3-7).

## 2. Parts used for medicinal purpose

- Dried flowers (3-8).

# 3. Major chemical constituents

- **Flavonoids**: Quercetin-3-*O*-rutinoside, kaempferol-3-*O*-rutinoside, and isorhamnetin-3-*O*-rutinoside, myricetin and cyanidin-3-sambubioside-5-glucoside (9).
- **Phenolic acids**: Chlorogenic acid (5-*O*-caffeoylquinic acid) and its derivatives, coumaroylquinic acids, dicaffeoylquinic acids, gallic acid, *p*-hydroxybenzoic acid glucoside (9,10), *p*-anisic acid, cinnamic acid, *p*-coumaric acid, ferulic acid (10), caffeic acid (11).
- **Volatile oil:** Hotrienol, linalool, *cis*-linalool oxide, nerol oxide, citronellol,  $\alpha$ -terpineol, together with (Z)-3-hexenol, hexanal, hexanol and heptanal from autoxidation of fatty acids (9).
- **Others**: Triterpenes, sterols, tyrosol, free fatty acids and pectic polysaccharides (12).

## 4. Medicinal Uses (Indications)

- **A.** Diaphoretic to help relief fever in cases of common cold and flu (5, 6).
- **B.** Relief of early symptoms of common cold and flu such as coughs, sore throat, and mucus buildup (catarrh) of the (upper) respiratory tract (3, 5, 6).
- **C.** Reduce nasal congestion and discharge associated with sinusitis, hay fever/allergic rhinitis (6).



## 5. Herbal preparations correlated to medicinal use

- **1)** Comminuted herbal substance is added to hot water in the form of infusion or decoction (3,5,6).
- **2)** Liquid extract, extraction solvent: Ethanol 25% (3,5).
- **3)** Tincture (1:5), extraction solvent: Ethanol 25% (3,5).

Herbal preparations (2 and 3) are in pharmaceutical dosage forms. The pharmaceutical form should be described by the pharmacopoeia full standard term.

# 6. Posology and method of administration correlated to medicinal use

# Preparation 1

**Indications A and B** 

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly

- Single dose: 2 5 g in 150 ml boiling water as a herbal infusion, 3 times daily (3,5,6,13).
- 3 6 g of the comminuted herbal substance in 200 ml water as a decoction, divided in 2 single doses, daily (3).

#### **Indication C (6)**

**Adolescents 14 - 17 years and adults:** 6 - 15 g, daily.

Children 10 - 11 years and adolescents 12 - 13 years: 3 - 7.5 g, daily.

**Children 5 - 9 years:** 1.5 – 3.75 g, daily.

**Children 2 - 4 years:** 1 – 2.5 g, daily.

#### **Preparation 2**

Indications A and B

**Adolescents, adults and elderly:** Single dose: 2 - 5 ml, 3 times daily (3-5,7,8).

#### **Indication C (6)**

**Adolescents 14 – 17 years and adults:** Equivalent to 1.5 – 15 g, daily.

**Children 10 - 11 years and adolescents 12 - 13 years**: Equivalent to 0.75 - 7.5 g, daily.

**Children 5 - 9 years**: Equivalent to 0.375 – 3.75 g, daily.

**Children 2 - 4 years**: Equivalent to 0.25 – 0.5 g, daily.



# Preparation 3 Indications A and B

**Adolescents, adults and elderly:** Single dose: 10 - 25 ml, 3 times daily (3-5, 8,14).

**Indication C (6)** 

**Adolescents 14 – 17 years and adults**: Equivalent to 1.5 – 15 g, daily

**Children 10 - 11 years and adolescents 12 - 13 years**: Equivalent to 0.75 - 7.5 g, daily

**Children 5 - 9 years**: Equivalent to 0.375 – 3.75 g, daily **Children 2 - 4 years**: Equivalent to 0.25 – 0.5 g, daily

**Duration of use:** If the symptoms persist longer than one week during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted (3, 8).

**Method of administration**: Oral use (3-8, 14).

#### 7. Contraindications

- Hypersensitivity to the active substances and to other plants of the same family (3)

#### 8. Special warnings and precautions for use

- If the symptoms worsen during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- If dyspnoea or purulent sputum occurs, a doctor or pharmacist should be consulted (3).
- The use in children under 12 years of age is not recommended without medical supervision (3,5).

# 9. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

- None reported (3).

# 10. Fertility, pregnancy and lactation (3)

- Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. In the absence of sufficient data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.
- No fertility data available.

# 11. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

- No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed (3).



## 12. Undesirable effects

- None known (3).
- If adverse reactions occur, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.

#### 13. Overdose

- No case of overdose has been reported (3).

# 14. Relevant biological activities

- Not required as per Egyptian guidelines for registration of herbal medicines.

## 15. Additional information

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# 16. Date of compilation/last revision

25/12/2023



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