# Egyptian Herbal Monograph

# Volume 2 Medicinal plants used in Egypt

Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA)
2025





# **Egyptian Herbal Monograph Medicinal Plants Used in Egypt**

Hedera helix L.

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# 1. Names & Synonyms

Hedera helix L.

Family: Araliaceae

**Syns.:** *Hedera communis* Gray, *H. poetarum* Bertol., *H. poetica* Salisb (1).

Arabic: Liblab لبلاب

**English name:** English Ivy, Common Ivy (1, 2).

# 2. Parts used for medicinal purpose

Dried leaves (3).

# 3. Major chemical constituents

- **Triterpenoid saponins:** Hederasaponin C (=hederacoside C), hederasaponins B, D, E, F, G, H and I, and  $\alpha$ -hederin and hederagenin 3-*O*- $\beta$ -glucoside (4,5).
- **Flavonoids:** Quercetin, kaempferol (and their 3-*0*-rutinosides and 3-*0*-glucosides), rutin, isoquercitrin and astragalin (5-7).
- **Phenolic acids:** Caffeic, chlorogenic, neochlorogenic, 3,5-*O*-dicaffeoyl-quinic, 4,5-*O*-dicaffeoyl-quinic, rosmarinic, dihydroxybenzoic, protocatechuic and *p*-coumaric acids (5).
- **Others:** Scopolin, polyacetylenes, volatile oil, phytosterols and amino acids (5-7).

# 4. Medicinal Uses (Indications)

Expectorant in case of productive cough (8).

# 5. Herbal preparations correlated to medicinal use (8)

#### 1. Dry extract

- **1.1.** Extraction solvent ethanol, 24-30% m/m.
- **1.2.** Extraction solvent ethanol, 40% m/m.



- **1.3.** Extraction solvent ethanol, 60% m/m.
- **2. Liquid extract:** extraction solvent ethanol, 70% V/V.
- **3. Soft extract:** extraction solvent ethanol, 50% V/V: propylene glycol (98:2).

Herbal preparations are in pharmaceutical dosage forms. The pharmaceutical form should be described by the pharmacopoeia full standard term.

# 6. Posology and method of administration correlated to medicinaluse (8)

#### **Preparation 1**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly

- **1.1.** Single dose: 15-65 mg, 1-3 times daily, daily dose: 45-105 mg.
- **1.2.** Single dose: 14-18 mg, 3 times daily.
- **1.3.** Single dose: 33 mg, 2 times daily.

#### Children between 6-11 years of age

- **1.1.** Single dose: 11-35 mg, 2-3 times daily, daily dose: 33-70 mg.
- **1.2.** Single dose: 9-18 mg, 1-3 times daily, daily dose: 15-40 mg.
- **1.3.** Single dose: 25 mg, 2 times daily, daily dose: 50 mg.

#### Children between 2-5 years of age

- **1.1.** Single dose: 8-18 mg, 2-3 times daily, daily dose: 24-36 mg.
- **1.2.** Single dose: 7-9 mg, 2-3 times daily, daily dose: 17-27 mg.
- **1.3.** Single dose: 17 mg, 2 times daily, daily dose: 34 mg.

#### **Preparation 2**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly

Single dose: 100 mg, 3 times daily, daily dose: 300 mg.

#### Children between 6-11 years of age

Single dose: 75 mg, 3 times daily, daily dose: 225 mg.

#### **Preparation 3**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly

Single dose: 40 mg, 3 times daily, daily dose: 120 mg.

#### Children between 6-11 years of age

Single dose: 20-26 mg, 3-4 times daily, daily dose: maximum 80 mg.

# Children between 2-5 years of age

Single dose: 20 mg, 3 times daily, daily dose: 60 mg.

#### **Duration of use**

If the symptoms persist longer than one week during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.

Method of administration: Oral use.



# 7. Contraindications (8)

Hypersensitivity to active substances and to other plants of the same family.

# 8. Special warnings and precautions for use (8)

- If the symptoms worsen or persist longer than 1 week during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- Persistent or recurrent cough in children between 2-4 years of age requires medical diagnosis before treatment.
- When dyspnoea, fever or purulent sputum occurs, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- Concomitant use with opiate antitussives such as codeine or dextromethorphan is not recommended without medical advice.
- Caution is recommended in patients with gastritis or gastric ulcer.
- Preparation (2) should not be administered to children under 6 years of age because of the alcohol content.
- Use in children under 2 years of age is not recommended because of the general risk of aggravation of respiratory symptoms through secretolytic drugs so medical supervision is needed.

# 9. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None reported (8).

# 10. Fertility, pregnancy and lactation (8)

- -Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. In the absence of sufficient data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.
- -No fertility data available.

# 11. Effects on ability to drive and use machines (8)

No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

# 12. Undesirable effects (8)

- If adverse reactions occur, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- Gastrointestinal reactions (nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea) have been reported.



- Allergic reactions (urticaria, skin rash, dyspnoea) have been reported.

# **13. Overdose (8)**

Overdose can provoke nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and agitation.

# 14. Relevant biological activities (8)

Not required as per Egyptian guidelines for registration of herbal medicines.

# 15. Additional information

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# 16. Date of compilation/last revision

20/02/2024



# References

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