# **Egyptian Herbal Monograph**

# Volume 2 Medicinal Plants used in Egypt

Egyptian Drug Authority (EDA)
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# **Egyptian Herbal Monograph Medicinal Plants Used in Egypt**

Althaea officinalis L.

الخطمية

## **1.** Names & Synonyms (1, 2).

Althaea officinalis L.

Family: Malvaceae.

Syns.: Malva althaea E. H. L. Krause, Malva officinalis (L.) K. F. Schimp. & Spenn. (3).

خيرو Khairu الخطمى Al Khatmy الختمية, الخطمية Al khatmia مارشمالو, Al khatmia

(4).

**English**: Marshmallow, White-mallow (5).

#### 2. Parts used for medicinal purpose

Peeled or unpeeled dried root (1, 2, 6-8) and leaves (1, 5).

### 3. Major chemical constituents

- **Acidic polysaccharides**: Mucilage (galacturono-rhamnans, arabinans, glucans, arabinogalactans) (1, 9).
- **Flavonoids:** Hypolaetin-8-glucoside, isoquercitrin, kaempferol (10).
- **Phenolic acids:** Caffeic, *p*-coumaric, ferulic, *p*-hydroxybenzoic and syringic acids (1, 9).
- **Others**: Starch, pectin, asparagine, calcium oxalate, coumarins (scopoletin), sucrose, amino acids and tannins (1, 9, 10).

# 4. Medicinal uses (Indications)

- Demulcent preparation for the symptomatic treatment of oral or pharyngeal irritation associated dry cough (5, 6, 8).
- Demulcent preparation for the symptomatic relief of mild gastrointestinal discomfort (5, 6, 8).

# 5. Herbal preparations correlated to medicinal use (6)

- 1. Comminuted herbal substance as herbal tea
  - **1.1** Roots.
  - **1.2** leaves.



#### 2. Liquid extracts

- **2.1** extraction solvent water (roots).
- **2.2** extraction solvent ethanol 25% (V/V).

**2.2.1** Roots.

**2.2.2** Leaves.

#### 3. Macerate for preparation of syrup (roots)

- \* To make a macerate pour 150 ml of water (max. temp. 40°C) over one dose of comminuted marshmallow roots. Steep for 30 min., stirring frequently. The filtered macerate should be used immediately after preparation (11).
- **4. Dry extract,** extraction solvent water (roots).
- **5. Tincture** (1:5) in 25% ethanol (roots) (8).

Herbal preparations (2-5) are in pharmaceutical dosage forms. The pharmaceutical form should be described by the pharmacopoeia full standard term.

# 6. Posology and method of administration correlated to medicinal use

#### **Preparation 1.1**

#### **Indication A**

**Adolescents, adults and elderly:** 0.5 - 3 g in 150 ml of water as a macerate several times daily. Maximum daily dose: 15 g (5, 6, 11).

**Children 6-11 years of age:** 0.5-1.5 g in 150 ml of water as a macerate 3 times daily. Daily dose: 1.5 - 4.5 g (5, 6, 11).

#### Children 3-5 years of age

0.5 - 1.0 g in 150 ml of water as a macerate, 3 times daily

Daily dose: 1.5–3.0 g (5, 6, 11).

#### **Indication B**

**Adolescents, adults and elderly**: Herbal tea: 2 - 5 g in 150 ml of water as a macerate, 3 times daily. Maximum daily dose: 15 g (2, 5, 6, 11).

#### **Preparation 1.2**

#### **Indications A and B**

**Adults:** 2 - 15 g daily, not to exceed 5 g per a single dose (5).



#### Preparation 2.1

#### **Indication A**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly:

Single dose: 4.6 g, 3 – 6 times daily. Daily dose: 13.8–27.6 g (6).

#### Children 6-11 years of age:

Single dose: 2.3 g, 5 times daily. Daily dose: 11.5 g (6).

#### Children 3-5 years of age:

Single dose: 1.9 g, 4 times daily. Daily dose: 7.6 g (6).

#### **Preparation 2.2.1**

#### **Indications A and B**

#### Adults and elderly:

Single dose: 2 – 5 ml, 3 times. Daily dose: 6–15 ml (1, 6).

#### **Preparation 2.2.2**

#### **Indications A and B**

#### Adults:

2 - 15 ml daily, not to exceed 5 ml per a single dose (5)

2 – 5 ml, 3 times daily (1).

#### **Preparation 3**

#### **Indication A**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly

Single dose: 0.21 - 0.87 g of the herbal substance (10–15 ml of syrup), 3–5 times daily.

Daily dose: 0.63 - 2.9 g of the herbal substance (30–50 ml of syrup) (6).

#### Children 6-11 years of age

Single dose: 0.1 - 0.29 g of the herbal substance (5 ml of syrup) 3-5 times daily.

Daily dose: 0.32 - 1.45 g of the herbal substance (15–25 ml of syrup) (6).

#### Children 3-5 years of age

Single dose: 0.1 - 0.29 g of the herbal substance (5 ml of syrup), up to 4 times.

Daily dose: 0.21 - 1.16 g of herbal substance (10–20 ml of syrup), daily (6).

#### **Preparation 4**

#### **Indication A**

#### Adolescents, adults and elderly:

Single dose: corresponding to 0.5–3 g of herbal substance, several times daily.

Maximum daily dose: corresponding to 15 g of herbal substance (6).

#### Children 6-11 years of age

Single dose: corresponding to 0.5–1.5 g of herbal substance, 3 times daily

Daily dose: corresponding to 1.5–4.5 g of herbal substance (6).

#### Children 3-5 years of age

Single dose: corresponding to 0.5–1 g of herbal substance, 3 times daily

Daily dose: corresponding to 1.5–3 g of herbal substance (6).



#### Preparation 5 (8)

#### **Indication A**

Equivalent to 1-15 g dried root per day, not to exceed 5g per single dose (1:5; in 25% ethanol).

#### Method of administration (6):

**Indication A:** Oral or oromucosal use.

**Indication B:** Oral use

#### 7. Contraindications

Hypersensitivity to the active substances and to other plants of the same family (6).

#### 8. Special warnings and precautions for use

- If the symptoms worsen during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- For **indication A**, the use in children under 3 years of age requires medical advice before use (6).
- The use of **preparation 2.2** is not recommended in children and adolescents under 18 years of age (6).
- For **indication B**, the use of preparation 1 is not recommended in children under 12 years of age (6).
- The use of **the solid dosage form** in children under 6 years of age is not recommended because of the pharmaceutical form.
- Absorption of concomitantly administered medicines may be delayed. As a precautionary measure, the product should not be taken  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 hour before or after intake of other medicinal products (2, 6).
- If dyspnoea, fever or purulent sputum occurs during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted (6).

# 9. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

- **Oral medications:** Marshmallow may reduce the absorption of oral medications; concurrent use should be avoided (2, 11, 12).
- **Antidiabetics** and **Hypoglycemic herbs:** Marshmallow may increase hypoglycemic action (12).
- **Iron salts:** Marshmallow may reduce the absorption of iron salts; separate by two hours (12).
- Lab Test (12): Blood glucose: Marshmallow decreases blood glucose.



## 10. Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

- Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. In the absence of sufficient data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.
- No fertility data available (6).

## 11. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed (6).

#### 12. Undesirable effects

- If adverse reactions occur, a doctor or a pharmacist should be consulted.
- Hypoglycemia, nausea, vomiting, anorexia and hypersensitivity reactions (12).

#### 13. Overdose

No case of overdose has been reported (6).

### 14. Relevant biological activities

Not required as per Egyptian guidelines for registration of herbal medicines.

#### 15. Additional information

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# 16. Date of compilation/last revision

31/8/2022.



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